



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

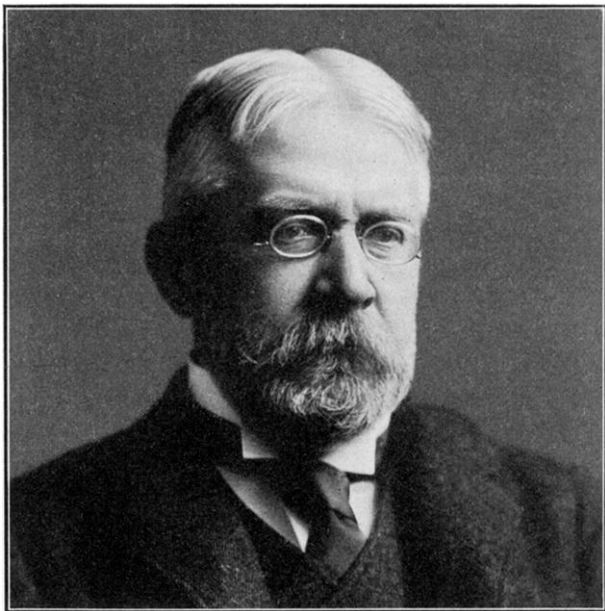
This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.



John Henry Wright

THE Archaeological Institute, the science of classical philology, and the interests of historical and literary studies in America have suffered a severe loss by the death, November 25, 1908, of Professor John Henry Wright. Born, February 4, 1852, at Urumyah, Persia, where his parents were stationed as missionaries, he came to the United States in his tenth year and entered Dartmouth College seven years later, in 1869. After his graduation, in 1873, he was for three years Assistant Professor of Ancient Languages in what is now the Ohio State University. He then studied for two years at Leipsic, after which he was Associate Professor of Greek at Dartmouth College until 1886, when he became Professor of Classical Philology and Dean of the Collegiate Department at Johns Hopkins University. In 1887 he was called to Harvard University as Professor of Greek, and in 1895 was made Dean of the Graduate School. He was Professor at the American School of Classical Studies at Athens in 1906-1907. He was a Fellow

of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, for many years a Councillor of the Archaeological Institute of America and President of the Boston Society, President of the American Philological Association in 1894, Corresponding Member of the Imperial German Archaeological Institute, and was chosen to speak on problems of the history of classical literature at the International Congress of Arts and Sciences held at St. Louis in 1904. The degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him in 1901 by Western Reserve University and Dartmouth College.

His published writings were notable less on account of their quantity, though that was not inconsiderable, than by reason of their scholarly accuracy, their logical mode of presentation, and their literary excellence. Among them may be mentioned, *The Date of Cylon*, *Herondea*, *Studies in Sophocles*, and *The Origin of Plato's Cave*, in different volumes of *Harvard Studies in Classical Philology*. In 1886 he published a translation of Collignon's *Manual of Greek Archaeology*, he edited *A History of All Nations*, in twenty-four volumes, which appeared in 1902, he was one of the chief editors of the *Twentieth Century Text Books*, was Associate Editor of the *Classical Review*, 1888-1906, and of the *Classical Quarterly* from 1907. From 1897 to 1906 he was Editor-in-chief of the *American Journal of Archaeology*, and any excellence this Journal may possess is due in great measure to his patience, tact, and painstaking care, his wide knowledge, critical acumen, and literary taste.

In his intercourse with others, whether his pupils, his contemporaries, or his elders, Professor Wright was always gentle, kindly, and courteous, and, if occasion offered, generous and self-sacrificing. His enthusiasm for scholarship was not of the noisy or spectacular kind, but was whole-souled and all-pervasive. An able administrator, a scholar of wide and accurate learning, a writer and editor of exceptional diligence and ability, a sympathetic and elevating teacher, a man of most lovable disposition, a true and affectionate friend, his loss is felt with a sorrow which varies only in degree of poignancy by all who knew him, and must be mourned by all who have the interests of scholarship at heart.

H. N. F.